WORKSHEET: Cell Division	Date:
Matching: Match the term to the descrip	tion
I = interphase P = prophase M = metaphase	
A 1. The sister chromatids are moving apart.	T 8. Animal cells begin to pinch in.
P 2. The nuclear membrane fades from view.	P 9. The spindle is formed.
T 3. A new nuclear membrane is forms.	M 10. Chromatids line up along the equator.
around the chromosomesC4. The cytoplasm of the cell is being divided	. I or T_ 11. Chromosomes are not visible.
I 5. The chromatin is found in the nucleus.	C 12. Cytokinesis begins.
M 6. The chromosomes are located at.	T13. The cell plate in plants <b>begins</b> to form
the equator of the cellT7. The spindles disappear.	T 14. The reverse of prophase.
Fill in the blanks using the word bank be	ow:
•	Anaphase Telophase Metaphase Centromere Cell Plate
Telophase 18. In what phase does the cell become visible in mitosis?	begin to split the cytoplasm and daughter cells first
Anaphase 19. During what phase of mitos toward their respective pole	s do centromeres divide and the chromosomes move es?
Prophase 20. What is the phase where ch	romatin condenses to form chromosomes?
Centromere 21. What is the name of the stru	cture that connects the two sister chromatids?
Sister Chromatid_ 22. In a chromosome pair connection chromosome half called?	ected by a centromere, what is each individual
_Cytokinesis 23. What is the step of cell divisi	on where 2 identical daughter cells are formed?
_Interphase 24. Which phase of the cell cycl size making organelles and	e occurs when the cell is preparing to divide so it grows in copying DNA?
Cell Plate 25. What forms across the cent	er of a plant cell near the end of telophase?

28. Why is mitosis important? Tissue Repair and tissue growth (cell health, cell growth)

\_Cytokinesis\_\_ 26. What is the division of the cytoplasm called?

\_\_Metaphase\_\_\_ 27. During this phase chromosomes line up in the middle.