1. Water has an index of refraction of 1.33. Determine the speed that light travels in water.

s in water.  

$$N = 1.33$$
  $(.33 = \frac{C}{V})$   
 $V = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{1.33}$   
 $V = 2.25 \times 10^8 \text{ M/s}$ 

index of refraction 
$$n=rac{C}{V}$$
 velocity of light in vacuum  $v$  velocity of light in the medium

2. Diamond has an index of refraction of 2.42. Determine the speed that light travels in diamond.

$$N = 2.42$$
  $V = \frac{C}{n}$   $V = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{2.42}$ 

3. It is determined that light travels at a speed of 1.87 x 10<sup>s</sup> m/s in a substance. Determine the index of refraction of the substance.

V = 1,24 × 108 mys

$$n = \frac{C}{V}$$
  $n = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{1.87 \times 10^8}$   
 $n = 1.60$ 

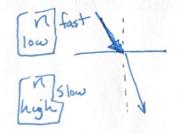
4. An unknown substance has light travel through it at 2.23 x 10<sup>s</sup> m/s. Determine the index of refraction of the substance. (Round to two decimal places).

$$n = \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{3 \times 10^8}{2.23 \times 10^8}}}$$
 $n = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{2.23 \times 10^8}$ 

5. If a substance has a higher index of refraction, does light travel faster or slower in that medium? Explain why.

$$n = \text{greater}$$
  $V = \frac{C}{n} = \alpha s$  "n" gets larger, "Vgets smaller  $N = 2.4$  slower than  $N = 1.6$  smaller

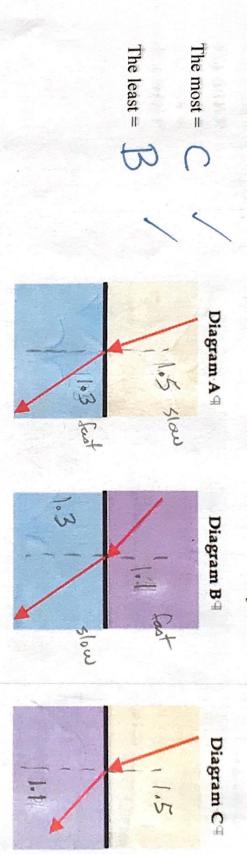
6. If a light ray passes from a substance with low index of refraction to another substance with high index of refraction, will the ray bend away from or closer to the normal? Include a diagram to support your answer.



Ray well bend forwards Normal. VV (Fast to slow medium)

7. What is the index of refraction in a medium where the speed of light is  $1.5 \times 10^8$  m/s?

00 (a) In which diagram is light being refracted the most? The least? (drawing the normal, and using a protractor will help greatly)



(b) In which diagram(s) is the light moving into a second medium with a HIGHER index of refraction?

y towards - Slower