

Chapter 9 Combinations of Functions

Recall:

From Sec 1.7

You can add, subtract or multiply functions.

$$f(x)$$

$$g(x)$$

$$f + g$$

$$f - g$$

$$fg$$

Jan 12-1:22 PM

Ex:

[Click to show graphs](#)



Given $f(x) = 3x + 4$

$$g(x) = 2x^2$$

find: $f + g$

$f - g$

fg

Jan 12-1:28 PM

Let's look at some more complicated ones...

$$f(x) = \sin x$$

$$f(x) = x$$

$$g(x) = \sin 2x$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$f + g$

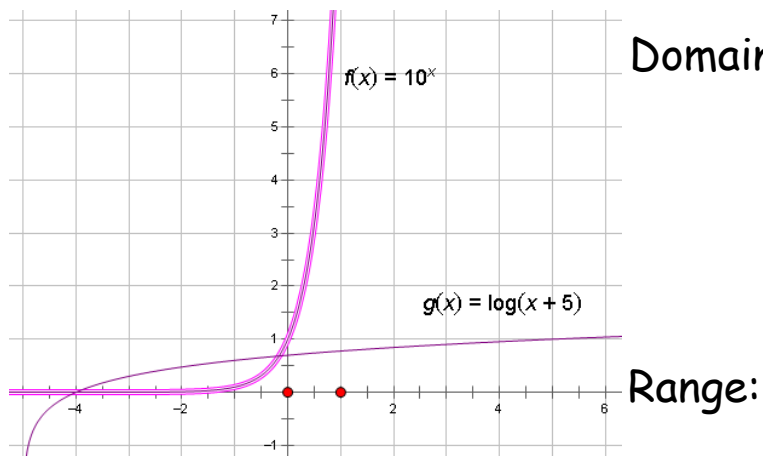
Jun 10-1:33 PM

Note:

We need to remember to deal with domain and range carefully. If the original functions have any asymptotes and holes we need to watch for these as well.

Ex:

Determine the domain and range of $(f-g)(x)$ and $(f+g)(x)$ if $f(x) = 10^x$ and $g(x) = \log(x+5)$



Jan 12-1:36 PM

Homework

p529 #5, 7
p537 #1ce, 4aef

Jan 12-1:35 PM

Attachments

sum difference product of functions.gsp

sum of $\sin x$ and $\sin 2x$.gsp

x and $\frac{1}{x}$.gsp