

Sec 3.3

Characteristics of polynomial Functions in factored form

The factored form of a quadratic shows us the....

Ex: $y = 2(x - 4)(x + 3)$

What does this show us?

Oct 4-1:00 PM

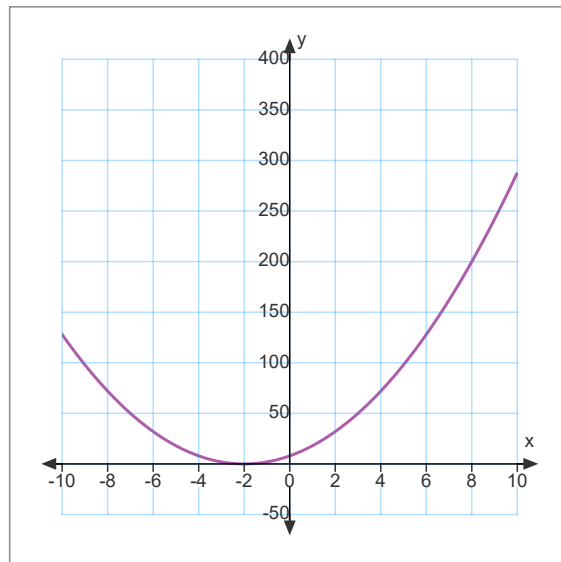
So...

What about $y = 2(x - 4)(x + 5)(x + 7)$

Oct 4-1:00 PM

Some things to note:

$$y = 2(x + 2)^2$$

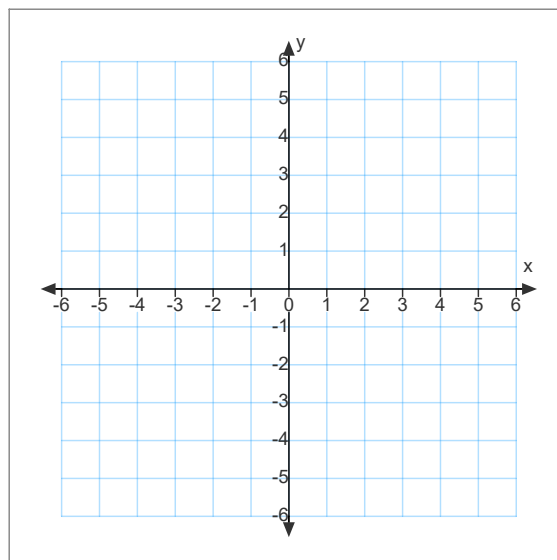


So.. rule is that if there is a factor squared, the function "touches" the x-axis only.

Oct 4-1:01 PM

What about a binomial that is "cubed"?

$$y = 2(x + 2)^3$$



Oct 9-1:31 PM

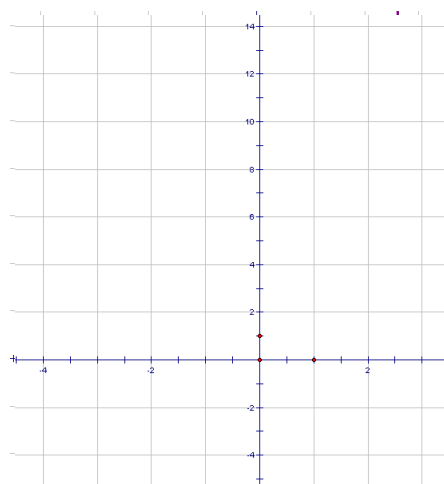
Try this:

Sketch $y = (x + 3)(x - 1)^2$

Step 1:
Find zeros

Step 2:
Determine end behaviours

Step 3:
Find y-int



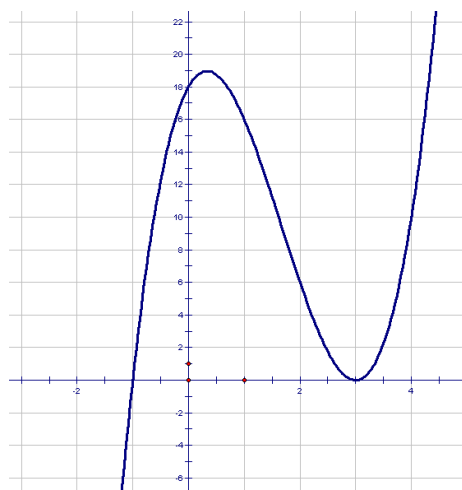
[click to show plot](#)

Oct 8-12:58 PM

Now find the equation of the line given the graph.

Step 1:
Determine the zeros

Step 2:
Find another point to solve for a



Oct 8-1:08 PM

See Ex 5 on p144

Oct 8-1:11 PM

Homework
p146 #1, 2, 4, 7, 12

Oct 8-1:13 PM

Attachments

cubed binomial.gsp