

Sec. 3.4 - Operations with Radicals

Learning Goal: By the end of today, I will be able to multiply expressions with radicals together and reduce to lowest term mixed terms (simplest radical form).

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Evaluate - leave answer in lowest terms

$$\frac{14}{8} \times \frac{16}{42}$$

Improper Fractions -- Mixed Fractions

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Definitions:

radical sign

$$3\sqrt{16} = 4$$

coefficient

radicand

Entire Radicals - Mixed Radicals

$$\sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$$

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Pattern Observation:

$$\sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{4} = 5 \times 2 =$$

$$\sqrt{25 \times 4} = \sqrt{100} =$$

$$\sqrt{16} \times \sqrt{9} =$$

$$\sqrt{16 \times 9} =$$

$$\sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{36} =$$

$$\sqrt{4 \times 36} =$$

$$\sqrt{100} \times \sqrt{9} =$$

$$\sqrt{100 \times 9} =$$

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Does it work for cubed roots?

$$\sqrt[3]{27} \times \sqrt[3]{8} = 3 \times 2 =$$

$$\sqrt[3]{27 \times 8} = \sqrt[3]{216} =$$

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Key Ideas

$$\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{ab}$$

Note: both radicals must be of the same type

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We can bring radicals together, but we can also tear them apart. This leads to something called **SIMPLEST RADICAL FORM**.

together ●————→

$$\sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{8} =$$

tear apart ●————→

$$\sqrt{80} = \sqrt{16} \times \sqrt{5} = 4\sqrt{5}$$

To create SRF we have to look for perfect square that are factors of the original number.

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Write in SRF

$$\sqrt{75} =$$

$$\sqrt{98} =$$

$$\sqrt{108} =$$

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Small Tweak

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Simplify the following

$$(3a)(4a^3) =$$

$$(2a - 3b)(5a + 7b) =$$

$$3\sqrt{5} \times 4\sqrt{6} =$$

$$(4 - \sqrt{3})(2 + \sqrt{7}) =$$

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Multiply the following, leave answers in SRF

$$4\sqrt{6} \times 2\sqrt{12} =$$

$$(4\sqrt{3} - 1)(5 + \sqrt{3}) =$$

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Key Ideas

$$c\sqrt{a} \times d\sqrt{b} = cd\sqrt{ab}$$

Note: both radicals must be of the same type

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Big Finish....

Simplify the following:

$$3a + 4b + 6a - 8b =$$

$$3\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{3} + 6\sqrt{2} - 8\sqrt{3} =$$

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Last One...

Is the following true?

$$\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{50} = \sqrt{58}$$

What if we apply SRF?

$$\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{50} =$$

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Summary

$$\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{ab}$$

Note: both radicals must be of the same type

$$c\sqrt{a} \times d\sqrt{b} = cd\sqrt{ab}$$

Adding radicals is a completely different approach than multiplying radicals.

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Homework

Pg. 167-8 #1 - 7 (ace)

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